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Fibre Price-Quality Path Determination 2024

[2024] NZCC 34

The Commission:

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Date of determination: 13 December 2024



Tristan Gilbertson, Telecommunications Commissioner

Dated at Wellington this 13th day of December 2024

COMMERCE COMMISSION

Wellington, New Zealand

Determination history		
Determination date	Decision Number	Determination name
16 December 2021	[2021] NZCC 27	Fibre Price-Quality Path Determination 2021
28 February 2023	[2023] NZCC 2	Determination of the duration of the second regulatory period for Fibre Price- Quality Path Determination 2024
13 December 2024	[2024] NZCC 34	Fibre Price-Quality Path Determination 2024

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Under Part 6 of the Telecommunications Act 2001, the Commerce Commission makes the following determination:

1. <u>Title</u>

1.1 This determination is the Fibre Price-Quality Path Determination 2024.

2. <u>Commencement</u>

- 2.1 This determination comes into force on 1 January 2025.
- 3. <u>Application</u>
 - 3.1 This determination applies to **Chorus** during the **second regulatory period**.

4. <u>Interpretation</u>

- 4.1 Unless the context otherwise requires,—
 - 4.1.1 terms in bold type in this determination have the meaning given to those terms in clause 4.2;
 - 4.1.2 terms used in this determination that are defined in the **Act** but not in this determination have the same meanings as in the **Act**; and
 - 4.1.3 terms used in this determination that are defined in the **IM determination** but not in this determination have the same meanings as in the **IM determination**.
- 4.2 In this determination:

Α

access seeker	has the meaning given in s 5 of the Act ;
Act	means the Telecommunications Act 2001;
availability POI area	means a 'UFB geographic area' specified in the table under the heading "Chorus Limited points of interconnection" in the Notice of points of interconnection under section 231 of the Telecommunications Act 2001 issued by the Commission on 27 March 2024 that is served by one or more POIs , except that for the purposes of this definition: (a) the 'UFB geographic areas' specified in rows 8 (Palmerston North and Feilding) and 49 (Whanganui) are treated as one UFB geographic area;

	 (b) the 'UFB geographic areas' specified in rows 5, 10, and 15 (Hamilton, Tokoroa, Cambridge, and Te Awamutu) and 31 and 43 (New Plymouth and Hawera) are treated as one UFB geographic area; and (c) the 'UFB geographic areas' specified in rows 13 (Timaru) and 34 (Oamaru) are treated as one UFB geographic area;
	В
bps	means bits per second, and is a measure of the speed of network data transmission;
breach report	means a report on a failure to comply with a quality standard and which contains the content specified in clause 9.5;
	С
central office	means a physical building or cabinet used to house a termination point of a fibre network ;
Chorus	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
Commission	has the meaning given in s 5 of the Act ;
connection	has the meaning given in paragraph (b) of the definition of "connection" in the IM determination;
core fibre asset	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
СРІ	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
	E
E-NNI	means an external network-to-network interface in relation to PQ FFLAS provided by Chorus ;
end-user	has the meaning given in s 5 of the Act ;
	E

F

fault	(a)	has the meaning given in paragraph (b)(i) of the definition of 'fault' in the IM determination; and
	(b)	for the purpose of paragraph (b)(ii) of the definition of 'fault' in the IM determination , means a port utilisation equal to or greater than 95%;
FFLAS		ne same meaning as 'fibre fixed line s service' defined in s 5 of the Act ;
fibre network	has tł	ne meaning given in s 5 of the Act ;
force majeure event	Choru	is an event or circumstance beyond us's control which makes it impossible or I to provide PQ FFLAS , including: fire, floods, storms, earthquake, or other act of God;
	(b)	any act of a public enemy, war, riot, or act of civil or military authority;
	(c)	nuclear, chemical or biological contamination; and
	(d)	any act of a third party (not being an employee, agent or subcontractor of Chorus) engaged in subversive or terrorist activity or sabotage;
	but d	loes not include an event to the extent
		the effect of that event could have been
		tantially prevented, avoided, overcome itigated by:
	(e)	implementation of any contracted business continuity or disaster recovery service, or any contingency plans agreed between Chorus and the Commission or which Chorus has represented it has in place;
	(f)	Chorus exercising a reasonable standard of care; or
	(g)	Chorus using information provided by the Commission or which is available in the public domain;

forecast allowable revenue forecast building blocks revenue	has the meaning given in the IM determination and is the amount calculated for each regulatory year in accordance with paragraph (3) of Schedule 2; means the amount calculated in accordance with paragraph (1) of Schedule 1;
forecast total FFLAS revenue	has the meaning given in the IM determination and is the amount calculated for each regulatory year in accordance with paragraph (3) of Schedule 3;
	G
GAAP	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
GST	has the meaning given in s YA 1 of the Income Tax Act 2007;
	I
IM determination	means the Fibre Input Methodologies Determination 2020 [2020] NZCC 21;
inOctets	means the number of octets received by a port ;
input methodology	has the meaning given in s 164(1) of the Act ;
	L
layer 1	has the meaning given in s 155ZS of the Act;
layer 1 service	has the meaning given in s 155ZS of the Act;
layer 1 communal asset	means an asset specified in Schedule 5;
layer 2	has the meaning given in s 155ZS of the Act;
layer 2 service	has the meaning given in s 155ZS of the Act;
Μ	
monthly average number of connections	means the sum of the connections on the first day of the calendar month, and the connections on the last day of the calendar

Ν

month, divided by two;

net unplanned downtime non-diverse	<pre>means reported unplanned downtime minus the length of time an access seeker or end- user experiences an outage to their PQ FFLAS attributable to: (a) a force majeure event; or (b) non-diverse transport services; means there is no alternate route to the POI available;</pre>
	0
octet	means a unit of digital information consisting of eight bits;
OLT	means an optical line terminal used for the provision of PQ FFLAS by Chorus ;
other FFLAS income	means income received by Chorus in respect of PQ FFLAS , excluding income from PQ FFLAS the price(s) of which are related to the quantity supplied;
outage	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
outage notification	means a notification of an outage to a connection provided to Chorus by an access seeker or end-user that gives Chorus sufficient information to identify the connection ;
outOctets	means the number of octets sent by a port ;
	Ρ
pass-through cost	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
POI	means a 'specified point of interconnection' listed in the Notice of points of interconnection under section 231 of the Telecommunications Act 2001 issued by the Commission on 27 March 2024;
PON port	means the port on an OLT ;

port	means all physical, virtual and sub-interfaces for the exchange of traffic on a fibre network , excluding UNI , E-NNI , and PON ports ;
port utilisation	has the meaning given in the IM determination and is the amount calculated in accordance with paragraph (2) of Schedule 4;
PQ FFLAS	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
price	means an individual fee or charge, in nominal terms exclusive of GST , for the provision of PQ FFLAS , and priced has a corresponding meaning;
	Q
quantities	means the amount of PQ FFLAS forecast on a demonstrably reasonable basis to be provided, which corresponds to the units in which each tariff, fee, or charge (or individual component of each) is priced ;
	R
regulatory year	has the meaning given in the IM determination;
reported unplanned downtime	means the length of time that a connection has an outage , but excluding any time before Chorus first receives an outage notification for the outage in respect of that connection ;
RFC 2863	means <i>The Interfaces Group MIB</i> Internet Official Protocol Standard RFC 2863, issued by the IETF Interfaces MIB Working Group in June 2000;
	S
second regulatory period	means the 4-year period beginning 1 January 2025 and ending 31 December 2028;
section 193(2) notice	means the Notice to supply information to the Commerce Commission under section 193(2) of the Telecommunications Act 2001 – Compliance statements for the second

regulatory period issued to **Chorus** on 13 December 2024 and published on our website;

Т

total average net unplanned downtime	means the number of minutes calculated in accordance with the formula in paragraph (1) of Schedule 4;
transport service	means a layer 1 , or managed throughput, fibre service provided over the fibre network , to transport voice and data traffic between central offices , including central offices that are also POIs ;
	U
UNI	has the meaning given in paragraph (b) of the definition of "UNI" in the IM determination ;
W	
working day	has the meaning given in s 5 of the Act .

5. <u>Price-quality path</u>

- 5.1 **Chorus** must comply with the price-quality path, which consists of—
 - 5.1.1 the price path specified in clause 7; and
 - 5.1.2 the quality standards specified in clause 8.2, 8.5, and 8.9.

6. <u>Applicable input methodologies</u>

6.1 The **input methodologies** that apply to this determination are those specified in Part 3 and clause 2.2.8 of the **IM determination**.

7. <u>Price path</u>

Maximum revenues that may be recovered by Chorus

7.1 For the purpose of s 194(2)(b) and s 195 of the Act and clause 3.1.1 of the IM determination, the maximum revenue that Chorus may recover in any regulatory year is forecast allowable revenue for that regulatory year.

Compliance with the price path

7.2 To comply with the price path for a **regulatory year**, **Chorus's forecast total FFLAS revenue** in that **regulatory year** must not exceed the **forecast allowable revenue** for that **regulatory year**.

8. <u>Assessments and quality standards</u>

Annual Layer 1 availability assessment

8.1 For **Chorus** to comply with the **layer 1** availability assessment for an **availability POI area** for a **regulatory year**, **Chorus's total average net unplanned downtime** must not exceed, for the **layer 1** aspect of a **fibre network**, 57 minutes in that **availability POI area** in the **regulatory year**.

Layer 1 availability quality standard

- 8.2 **Chorus** complies with the **layer 1** availability quality standard for an **availability POI area** for a **regulatory year**, if it complies with the **layer 1** availability assessment for the **availability POI area** for that **regulatory year**.
- 8.3 However, despite clause 8.2,—
 - 8.3.1 **Chorus** does not fail to comply with the **layer 1** availability quality standard for the **availability POI area** for that **regulatory year** if it complied with the **layer 1** availability assessment for that area for the preceding **regulatory year**; and

8.3.2 there is no **layer 1** availability quality standard in the first **regulatory year**.

Annual Layer 2 availability assessment

8.4 For Chorus to comply with the layer 2 availability assessment for an availability POI area for a regulatory year, Chorus's total average net unplanned downtime must not exceed, for the layer 2 aspect of a fibre network, 19 minutes in that availability POI area in the regulatory year.

Layer 2 availability quality standard

- 8.5 Chorus complies with the layer 2 availability quality standard for an availability POI area for a regulatory year if it complies with the layer 2 availability assessment for the availability POI area for that regulatory year.
- 8.6 However, despite clause 8.5,—
 - 8.6.1 **Chorus** does not fail to comply with the **layer 2** availability quality standard for the **availability POI area** for that **regulatory year** if it complied with the **layer 2** availability assessment for that area for the preceding **regulatory year**; and
 - 8.6.2 there is no **layer 2** availability quality standard in the first **regulatory year**.

Monthly performance assessment

- 8.7 For **Chorus** to comply with the performance assessment for a **port** for a calendar month, the **port** must not experience **port utilisation**, upstream or downstream, equal to or exceeding 90% in any five-minute interval in the calendar month.
- 8.8 For the purposes of the performance assessment under clause 8.7, an instance where **port utilisation** equals or exceeds 90% must be disregarded if it is attributable to a **force majeure event**.

Performance quality standard

- 8.9 **Chorus** complies with the performance quality standard for a **port** for a calendar month if it complies with the performance quality assessment for the **port** for that calendar month.
- 8.10 However, despite clause 8.9,—
 - 8.10.1 Chorus does not fail to comply with the performance quality standard for the port for that calendar month if it complied with the performance quality assessment for the port for either or both of the 2 preceding calendar months;

- 8.10.2 if **Chorus** fails to comply with the performance quality standard for the **port** for a calendar month, a failure to comply with the performance quality standard in the following calendar month must be treated as part of a single continuous breach and the same applies in respect of consecutive calendar months (that is, there is a single continuous breach until **Chorus** meets the performance quality assessment for the **port** for a calendar month); and
- 8.10.3 there is no performance quality standard in the first 2 calendar months of the first **regulatory year**.
- 9. <u>Reporting requirements</u>

Compliance reports

- 9.1 Chorus must provide to the **Commission** the information specified in clause A6 of Attachment A of the **section 193(2) notice** in relation to **Chorus's** compliance with—
 - 9.1.1 the assessments specified in clauses 8.1 and 8.4 for each **regulatory year** of the **regulatory period**; and
 - 9.1.2 the assessment specified in clause 8.7 for each month of each **regulatory year** of the **regulatory period**.

Timeframes for providing information required under section 193(2) notice

- 9.2 For the purpose of s 194(2)(e) of the **Act**, **Chorus** must provide to the **Commission**
 - 9.2.1 the information required under clause 9.1 for a **regulatory year** within 5 months of the end of that **regulatory year**; and
 - 9.2.2 the information specified in clause A3 of Attachment A of the section 193(2) notice—
 - (a) in respect of **regulatory year** 2025, no later than 31 May 2025;
 - (b) in respect of **regulatory years** 2026, 2027, and 2028, no later than 22 November of the preceding **regulatory year**.

Breach reports for failure to comply with quality standards

- 9.3 If **Chorus** fails to comply with a quality standard, **Chorus** must provide to the **Commission** a **breach report**.
- 9.4 **Chorus** must provide the **breach report**:
 - 9.4.1 in the case of a breach of a quality standard specified in clause 8.2 or8.5, within 5 months of the end of the regulatory year in respect of which the breach occurred; and

9.4.2 in the case of a breach of the quality standard specified in clause 8.9, within 5 months of the end of the calendar month in respect of which the breach first occurred.

9.5 A breach report must contain—

- 9.5.1 an explanation of the reasons for the breach of the relevant quality standard, and supporting evidence for those reasons;
- 9.5.2 an explanation of the impact of the breach of the relevant quality standard on consumers;
- 9.5.3 any independent review, investigation, or analysis into why **Chorus** breached the relevant quality standard;
- 9.5.4 an outline of any intended review, investigation, or analysis into why **Chorus** breached the relevant quality standard, which is planned but not yet completed;
- 9.5.5 a description of any mitigating factors that may have prevented or minimised a breach of the relevant quality standard; and
- 9.5.6 a description of any steps the **Chorus** proposes to take to mitigate the risk of a future similar breach of the relevant quality standard.

Schedule 1: Forecast building blocks revenue

- (1) **Chorus's** 'forecast building blocks revenue' for each **regulatory year** is calculated according to the following formulae:
 - (a) for **regulatory year** 2025—

$$FBBR_{2025} = SBBR \times (1 + \Delta CPI_{2025}) \times (1 + \Delta Q_{2025})$$

(b) for regulatory year 2026-

$$FBBR_{2026} = FBBR_{2025} \times (1 + \Delta CPI_{2026}) \times (1 + \Delta Q_{2026})$$

(c) for regulatory year 2027—

$$FBBR_{2027} = FBBR_{2026} \times (1 + \Delta CPI_{2027}) \times (1 + \Delta Q_{2027})$$

(d) for regulatory year 2028-

$$FBBR_{2028} = FBBR_{2027} \times (1 + \Delta CPI_{2028}) \times (1 + \Delta Q_{2028})$$

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)—

FBBR	is forecast building blocks revenue for the regulatory year ;
SBBR	is \$870,228,000, being the nominal smoothed building blocks revenue at the start of regulatory year 2025;
ΔCPI	is the change in CPI calculated in accordance with paragraph (3); and
ΔQ	is the forecast change in quantities between for the regulatory year that is listed in Table 1.1 below.

Table 1.1 Forecast changes in quantities

Regulatory year 2025	0%
Regulatory year 2026	2.56%
Regulatory year 2027	1.96%
Regulatory year 2028	1.72%

(3) For the purposes of paragraph (2), ΔCPI for **regulatory year** *t* is calculated in accordance with the following formula—

$$\Delta CPI_{t} = \frac{CPI_{Mar,t-1} + CPI_{Jun,t-1} + CPI_{Sep,t-1} + CPI_{Dec,t-1}}{CPI_{Mar,t-2} + CPI_{Jun,t-2} + CPI_{Sep,t-2} + CPI_{Dec,t-2}} - 1$$

- $CPI_{q,t-n}$ is the **CPI** for the quarter ending in q in the 12-month period n years prior to **regulatory year** t.
- (4) For the purpose of paragraph (3), the calculation for ΔCPI_t must use the most recent Reserve Bank Monetary Policy Statement available before 30 June of **regulatory year** *t*-1.
- (5) For the purposes of clause 2.2.8(8) of the **IM determination**, the depreciation method applicable to the **second regulatory period** is:
 - (e) for **core fibre assets** that are **Layer 1 communal assets**, tilted annuity depreciation with a 0.35% real tilt rate and asset lives consistent with **GAAP**;
 - (f) for all other **core fibre assets**, a depreciation method consistent with **GAAP**; and
 - (g) for the **financial loss asset**, tilted annuity depreciation with a -13% real tilt rate and an asset life equal to the harmonic mean (being 14.2 years) of the asset lives of **core fibre assets**.

Schedule 2: Calculation of forecast allowable revenue

- (1) Chorus must calculate its forecast allowable revenue—
 - (a) in respect of **regulatory year** 2025, no later than 31 May 2025; and
 - (b) in respect of **regulatory years** 2026, 2027, and 2028, no later than 22 November of the preceding **regulatory year**.
- (2) When calculating the forecast allowable revenue for the purpose of paragraph (1), Chorus must prepare and use a demonstrably reasonable forecast of pass-through costs.
- (3) The 'forecast allowable revenue' for a **regulatory year** is the amount calculated in accordance with the following formula—

$$FBBR + FPTC + WUA$$

- *FBBR* is the **forecast building blocks revenue**;
- *FPTC* is the forecast of **pass-through costs** made prior to 30 June of the year prior to that **regulatory year**; and
- *WUA* is the wash-up amount, which is—
 - (a) \$45,762,000 for **regulatory year** 2025;
 - (b) \$47,882,000 for **regulatory year** 2026;
 - (c) \$49,798,000 for regulatory year 2027; and
 - (d) \$51,669,000 for **regulatory year** 2028.

Schedule 3: Calculation of forecast total FFLAS revenue

- (1) Chorus must calculate its forecast total FFLAS revenue—
 - (a) in respect of **regulatory year** 2025, no later than 31 May 2025;
 - (b) in respect of **regulatory years** 2026, 2027, and 2028, no later than 22 November of the preceding **regulatory year**.
- (2) When calculating the forecast total FFLAS revenue for the purposes of paragraph (1), Chorus must prepare and use a demonstrably reasonable forecast of the quantities and other FFLAS income for the regulatory year to which the forecast prices for each regulatory year will apply.
- (3) The 'forecast total FFLAS revenue' for a **regulatory year** is the amount calculated in accordance with the following formula—

$$\sum_{i} (P_i - D_i) \times FQ_i + FOFI$$

i	is each tariff;
Р	is the price ;
D	is any discount;
FQ	is the forecast quantities ; and
FOFI	is forecast other FFLAS income.

Schedule 4: Calculation of quality standards

Calculation of average net unplanned downtime

(1) 'Total average net unplanned downtime' for a regulatory year in an availability POI area is calculated in accordance with the following formula, rounded to the nearest minute—

$$\sum_{i=1}^{12} \frac{\sum NUD_i}{ANAC_i}$$

where—	
NUD	means net unplanned downtime for that calendar month in that availability POI area ;
ANAC	means monthly average number of connections for that calendar month in that availability POI area ; and
i	means the calendar month, where 1 = January,, 12 = December.

Calculation of port utilisation

(2) 'Port utilisation' is calculated as a percentage figure in accordance with the following formula—

$$\frac{octets \times 8}{5 \times 60 \ seconds \times PS} \times 100$$

- octets means the number of octets at a port, being the greater of the inOctets or the outOctets, measured over a 5-minute interval in accordance with RFC 2863, and includes framing characters, but excludes Ethernet preamble, start frame delimiter, and interpacket gaps; and
- *PS* means **port** speed and is measured in **bps**.

Schedule 5: Layer 1 communal assets

A **layer 1 communal asset** is a **core fibre asset** of one of the following types that is used to provide **layer 1 services**:

- (1) Cabinets;
- (2) Ducts;
- (3) Fibre Cables;
- (4) Fibre Service Lead-ins;
- (5) Manholes;
- (6) Optical Fibre Distribution Frames;
- (7) Poles;
- (8) Optical splitters.