

## **Cost of capital determination for information disclosure year 2014 for Powerco Limited in respect of gas distribution services [2013] NZCC 18**

**The Commission:** S Begg  
P Duignan  
Dr S Gale

**Date of determination:** 30 October 2013

## Executive summary

1. This determination specifies a weighted average cost of capital (WACC) midpoint estimate and range to apply for information disclosure year 2014 for gas distribution services supplied by Powerco Limited (Powerco's GDB).
2. We have determined the following vanilla and post-tax WACCs.
  - 2.1 A mid-point estimate of vanilla<sup>1</sup> WACC of 7.58% for the five year period commencing on the first day of disclosure year 2014 (ie 1 October 2013). The Commission has also determined a vanilla WACC range from 6.77% to 8.39%, where the endpoints are the 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentile estimates respectively.
  - 2.2 A mid-point estimate of post-tax<sup>2</sup> WACC of 6.80% for the five year period commencing on the first day of disclosure year 2014 (ie 1 October 2013). The Commission has also determined a post-tax WACC range from 5.99% to 7.61% where the endpoints are the 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentile estimates respectively.

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<sup>1</sup> The vanilla WACC is a weighted average of the pre-corporate tax cost of debt and the cost of equity.

<sup>2</sup> The post-tax WACC is a weighted average of the post-corporate tax cost of debt and the cost of equity.

## Introduction

3. This determination specifies a WACC estimate to apply for information disclosure year 2014 (that is, the 12 months to 30 September 2014) for gas distribution services supplied by Powerco Limited (Powerco's GDB). Powerco has a disclosure year ending September, while other regulated gas distribution businesses have June year ends for information disclosure.<sup>3</sup> Estimated WACCs for the 2014 information disclosure year for those other businesses were set in July 2013.<sup>4</sup>
4. The WACC estimates are set pursuant to Clauses 2.4.1 to 2.4.7 of the Gas Distribution Services Input Methodologies Determination 2012 (the GDS IM Determination).<sup>5</sup>
5. The Commerce Commission (the Commission) has estimated both vanilla and post-tax WACCs. The vanilla WACC is a weighted average of the pre-corporate tax cost of debt and the cost of equity. The post-tax WACC is a weighted average of the post-corporate tax cost of debt and the cost of equity.
6. The parameter values, estimates and information sources used to estimate WACC are set out in this determination. Additional commentary on the estimation of the risk-free rate and the debt premium is also provided.
7. For example, this determination identifies the issuers and bonds that were analysed (including the credit rating and remaining term to maturity) when estimating the debt premium. The commentary also explains which debt premium estimates were given greater weight than other estimates.

## Background

### Changes in the risk-free rate and debt premium over time

8. The cost of capital input methodologies for the regulated services reflect that both the risk-free rate<sup>6</sup> and the debt premium on bonds<sup>7</sup> change over time.
9. Changes in the risk-free rate and debt premium on bonds are illustrated below. Figure 1 shows the changes over time in:
  - 9.1 the five year risk-free rate; and
  - 9.2 the debt premium on bonds rated BBB+ with a term of five years.

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<sup>3</sup> Commerce Commission, *Gas Distribution Information Disclosure Determination* [2012], NZCC 23. See the definition of disclosure year, page 11.

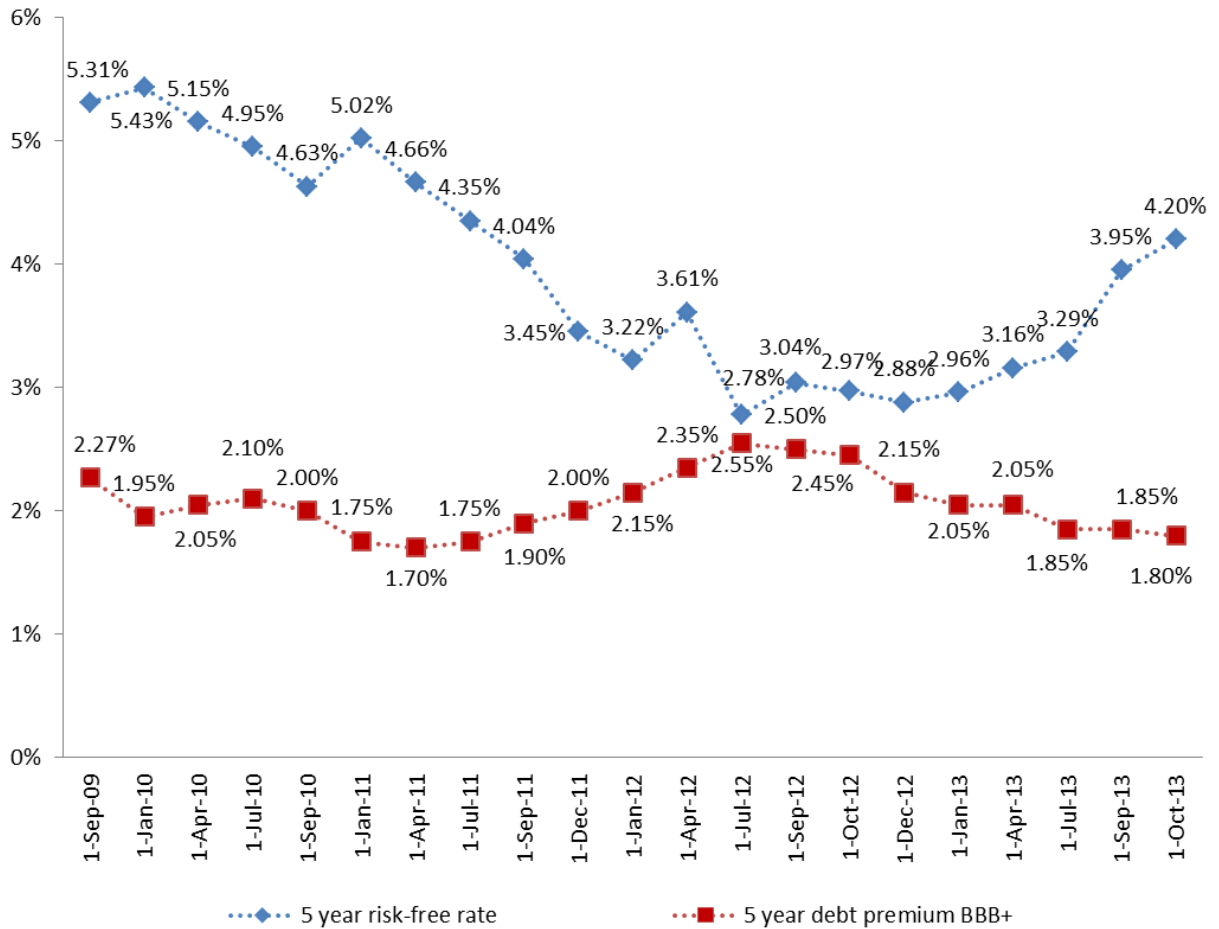
<sup>4</sup> Commerce Commission, *Cost of capital determination for information disclosure year 2014 for Transpower, gas pipeline businesses and specified airport services* [2013] NZCC 12.

<sup>5</sup> Commerce Commission, *Gas Distribution Services Input Methodologies Determination* [2012] NZCC 27.

<sup>6</sup> The risk-free rate is estimated based on an interpolation of bid yields on New Zealand government stock to a term to maturity of five years.

<sup>7</sup> The debt premium is estimated on publicly traded corporate bonds according to the methodology specified in the GDS IM Determination.

**Figure 1: Changes in the five year risk-free rate and debt premium over time**



### Reasons for differences in WACC under the various cost of capital input methodologies determinations

10. Differences in the WACCs estimated under the various cost of capital input methodologies reflect differences in:
  - 10.1 the date of estimation for the WACCs, which results in different estimates of the risk-free rate and debt premium;
  - 10.2 the periods in which the WACCs will apply;
  - 10.3 the context in which the WACCs will be used (75th percentile estimates of the WACC are used when considering default and customised price-quality paths, while a midpoint and range is determined for information disclosure);
  - 10.4 the assessed risk of the various regulated services (electricity distribution businesses (EDBs) and Transpower have an asset beta of 0.34, gas pipeline businesses (GPBs) have an asset beta of 0.44 and Airports have an asset beta of 0.60); and

- 10.5 the value of leverage for airports (17%) and for EDBs, GPBs, and Transpower (44%).

### WACC for Powerco's GDB ID

11. Under clause 2.4.1 of the GDS IM Determination, the Commission has determined the following vanilla and post-tax WACCs for Powerco's GDB information disclosure year 2014.
- 11.1 A mid-point estimate of vanilla WACC of 7.58% for the five year period commencing on the first day of disclosure year 2014 (ie 1 October 2013). Under clause 2.4.7, the Commission has also determined a vanilla WACC range from 6.77% to 8.39%, where the endpoints are the 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentile estimates respectively.
- 11.2 A mid-point estimate of post-tax WACC of 6.80% for the five year period commencing on the first day of disclosure year 2014 (ie 1 October 2014). Under clause 2.4.7, the Commission has also determined a post-tax range from 5.99% to 7.61%, where the endpoints are the 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentile estimates respectively.

### Parameters used to estimate the WACC

12. These estimates of WACC reflect the parameters specified in the GDS IM Determination and estimates of the risk-free rate and debt premium in accordance with the GDS IM Determination.

#### *Summary of parameters*

13. The parameters used to estimate the WACCs are summarised in Table 1 below.

**Table 1: Parameters used to calculate WACC for Powerco's GDB ID**

|                                  |  |                           |       |
|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------|
| Risk-free rate (5 years)         | 4.20%  | Debt premium (5 years)    | 1.80% |
| Equity beta                      | 0.79   | TAMRP                     | 7.0%  |
| Average corporate tax rate       | 28%  | Average investor tax rate | 28%   |
| Debt issuance costs (5 years)    | 0.35%  | Leverage                  | 44%   |
| Standard error of debt premium   | 0.0015   | Standard error of WACC    | 0.012 |
| Cost of debt (5 year)            | 6.35%  | Cost of equity (5 years)  | 8.55% |
| Vanilla WACC (5 year, midpoint)  | $6.35\% \times 0.44 + 8.55\% \times (1-0.44) = 7.58\%$                 |                           |       |
| Post-tax WACC (5 year, midpoint) | $6.35\% \times 0.44 \times (1-0.28) + 8.55\% \times (1-0.44) = 6.80\%$ |                           |       |

*Risk-free rate*

14. The risk-free rate reflects the linearly-interpolated, annualised, bid yield to maturity on New Zealand government bonds with a term to maturity of five years. The estimates use data reported by Bloomberg for the month of September 2013 in respect of 15 December 2017 and 15 March 2019 maturity bonds. The December 2017 and March 2019 bonds have simple average annualised bid yields to maturity of 4.02% and 4.23% respectively.
15. The daily data reported by Bloomberg is annualised (to reflect the 6 monthly payment of interest), averaged to give a monthly average, and linearly interpolated to produce the estimate of a 4.20% interest rate on a NZ government bond with a five year term to maturity as at 1 October 2013.

*Tax rates*

16. The average corporate tax rate is the corporate tax rate of 28% for all years. The average investor tax rate is the investor tax rate of 28% for all years.

*Standard error of the WACC*

17. The standard error of the WACC is determined in accordance with the formula in the GDS IM Determination, and is shown to three decimal places only in Table 1 above.

*Debt premium*

18. The methodology for determining the debt premium is set out in clause 2.4.4 of the GDS IM Determination.
19. Clause 2.4.4(3)(d) requires the Commission to estimate the debt premium that would reasonably be expected to apply to a vanilla NZ\$ denominated bond that:
  - 19.1 is issued by a GPB or an EDB that is neither majority owned by the Crown nor a local authority;
  - 19.2 is publicly traded;
  - 19.3 has a qualifying rating of grade BBB+; and
  - 19.4 has a remaining term to maturity of five years.
20. In estimating the debt premium, clause 2.4.4(4) of the GDS IM Determination provides that the Commission will have regard to:
  - 20.1 bonds issued by a GPB or an EDB (that is neither majority owned by the Crown nor a local authority) with a rating of BBB+;
  - 20.2 bonds issued by another entity (that is neither majority owned by the Crown nor a local authority) with a rating of BBB+;
  - 20.3 bonds issued by a GPB or an EDB (that is neither majority owned by the Crown nor a local authority) with a rating other than BBB+;

- 20.4 bonds issued by another entity (that is neither majority owned by the Crown nor a local authority) with a rating other than BBB+; and
- 20.5 bonds issued by government-owned entities.
21. Clause 2.4.4(5)(a) provides that progressively lesser regard will ordinarily be given to the debt premium estimates in the order that the bonds are identified in clauses 2.4.4(4)(a) to (e).
22. Table 2 below shows the debt premium determined by the Commission as at 1 October 2013. This table include a summary of information on the investment grade rated bonds the Commission considered in determining the debt premium.
23. A spreadsheet showing the calculations for the debt premium and the risk-free rate is published on our website.<sup>8</sup>

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<sup>8</sup> See [www.comcom.govt.nz/cost-of-capital](http://www.comcom.govt.nz/cost-of-capital)

**Table 2: Five-year debt premium on a GDB/EPB-issued bond rated BBB+<sup>9</sup>**

| Determined debt premium on an EDB/GPB-issued bond rated BBB+ with a remaining term of 5 years as at 1 October 2013 |                             |          |                            |                            |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|
|  | Industry                    | Rating   | Remaining Term to Maturity | Debt premium               | Comment   |   |
| Determined Debt Premium  | EDB / GPB                   | BBB+     | 5.0                        | 1.80                       | Regard to results 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d)<br>Not inconsistent with 4(e) |   |
| Subclause  | Issuer                      | Industry | Rating                     | Remaining Term to Maturity | Debt premium  | Comment   |
| 4(a)   | -                           | -        | -                          | -                          | -   | No data on applicable bonds   |
| 4(b)   | WIAL <sup>1</sup>           | Other    | BBB+                       | 6.7                        | 1.91  | A 5 year debt premium would be lower than this.                       |
| 4(c)   | Powerco <sup>2</sup>        | EDB/GDB  | BBB                        | 5.0                        | 1.94  | BBB+ debt premium would be less than this                             |
|  | Contact <sup>3</sup>        | Other    | BBB                        | 5.0                        | 1.88  | BBB+ debt premium would be less than this                             |
| 4(d)   | Telecom <sup>4</sup>        | Other    | A-                         | 5.0                        | 1.61  | BBB+ debt premium would be higher than this                           |
|  | AIAL <sup>5</sup>           | Other    | A-                         | 5.0                        | 1.38  | BBB+ debt premium would be higher than this                           |
|  | Telstra <sup>6</sup>        | Other    | A                          | 3.8                        | 1.49  | A 5 year debt premium and BBB+ debt premium would be higher than this |
|  | Fonterra <sup>7</sup>       | Other    | A+                         | 2.4                        | 1.08  | A 5 year debt premium and BBB+ debt premium would be higher than this |
| 4(e)   | Genesis Energy <sup>8</sup> | Other    | BBB+                       | 5.0                        | 1.87  |   |
|  | MRP <sup>9</sup>            | Other    | BBB+                       | 5.0                        | 1.69  |   |
|  | Meridian <sup>10</sup>      | Other    | BBB+                       | 3.5                        | 1.55  |   |
|  | CIAL <sup>11</sup>          | Other    | BBB+                       | 6.2                        | 1.77  |   |
|  | Transpower <sup>12</sup>    | Other    | AA-                        | 5.0                        | 1.35  |   |

Notes on bonds analysed:

- 1 WIAL 5.27% bond maturing 11/06/2020.
- 2 Powerco 6.74% bond maturing 28/09/2017; 6.31% bond maturing 20/12/2018.
- 3 Contact Energy 4.8% bond maturing 24/05/2018; 5.277% bond maturing 27/05/2020.
- 4 Telecom 7.04% bond maturing 22/03/2016; 5.25% bond maturing 25/10/2019.
- 5 AIAL 5.47% bond maturing 17/10/2017; 4.73% bond maturing 13/12/2019.
- 6 Telstra 7.515% bond maturing 11/07/2017.
- 7 Fonterra 6.83% bond maturing 4/03/2016.
- 8 Genesis Energy 7.185% bond maturing 15/09/2016; 5.205% bond maturing 1/11/2019.
- 9 MRP 7.55% bond maturing 12/10/2016; 5.029% bond maturing 6/03/2019.
- 10 Meridian 7.55% bond maturing 16/03/2017.
- 11 CIAL 5.15% bond maturing 6/12/2019.
- 12 Transpower 6.595% bond maturing 15/02/2017; 7.19% bond maturing 12/11/2019.

<sup>9</sup> The five-year debt premiums on the Powerco, Contact Energy, Telecom, Auckland International Airport Limited (AIAL), Genesis Energy, Mighty River Power (MRP) and Transpower bonds are calculated by linear interpolation with respect to maturity.



24. Consistent with clauses 2.4.4(4) and 2.4.4(5)(a) of the GDS IM Determination, greatest regard has been given to the estimated debt premium on WIAL's June 2020 bond. This bond is issued by an entity other than an EDB/GPB, is publicly traded and has a rating of BBB+. However, the June 2020 bond has a term to maturity of 6.7 years, which is more than the five years specified in clause 2.4.4(3)(d).
25. As at 1 October 2013, the debt premium on the WIAL bond was estimated at 1.91%. Therefore, in considering the range of debt premiums, this estimated debt premium is treated as the maximum debt premium for a bond rated BBB+ with a term of five years.
26. The interpolated five year debt premium on Powerco's bonds is 1.94%. Powerco's bonds are rated BBB, implying that the five year debt premium on bonds rated BBB+ would be less than 1.94%.
27. The interpolated five year debt premium on Contact Energy's bonds is 1.88%. Contact Energy's bonds are rated BBB, implying that the five year debt premium on bonds rated BBB+ would be less than 1.88%.
28. The Commission has also had regard to the estimated debt premium on bonds from a range of other issuers including Telecom (1.61%, 5 years, rated A-), Auckland international Airport Limited (AIAL) (1.38%, 5 years, rated A-), Telstra (1.49%, 3.8 years, rated A) and Fonterra (1.08%, 2.4 years, rated A+). Consistent with clause 2.4.4(5)(a) these were given less weight as the issuers are not EDBs or GPBs, and the debt issues had different credit ratings than the BBB+ rating specified in clause 2.4.4(4)(d).
29. Consistent with clause 2.4.4(5)(a) the estimated debt premium on the Genesis Energy bonds (1.87%, 5 years, rated BBB+), the Mighty River Power (MRP) bonds (1.69%, 5 years, rated BBB+), the Meridian bond (1.55%, 3.5 years, rated BBB+), the Christchurch International Airport Limited (CIAL) bond (1.77%, 6.2 years, rated BBB+), and Transpower bonds (1.35%, 5 years, rated AA-) were given less weight as these issuers are either majority owned by the Crown or a local authority.
30. Starting with the estimated debt premium on the WIAL bond, but having regard to the debt premium on a range of other bonds, the Commission has determined the debt premium on a publicly traded, EDB/GPB-issued bond, rated BBB+ with a remaining term of five years to be 1.80% as at 1 September 2013.