

ISBN/ISSN 978-1-991287-43-4

Project no. PRJ0046469

Public Version

Commission 111 Contact Code (Amendment Version 2024)

This version of the Commission 111 Contact Code shows the amendments made to the Commission 111 Contact Code under section 239(5) of the Telecommunications Act 2001.

The Commission: Tristan Gilbertson

Pierre van Heerden

Nathan Strong Loretta Lovell

Date of decision: 26 June 2024



Tristan Gilbertson, Telecommunications Commissioner

Dated at Wellington this 26th day of June 2024

COMMERCE COMMISSION



Code history

Publication date	Reference	Title
17 November 2020	ISBN 978-1-869458-52-2	Commission 111 Contact Code
26 June 2024	ISSN 978-1-991287-43-4	Commission 111 Contact Code (Amendment Version 2024)
26 June 2024	ISBN 978-1-991287-44-1	Commission 111 Contact Code 2024

Drafting notes:

Amendments to Code

- 1. The amendments to the Commission 111 Contact Code are the tracked additions, deletions, and substitutions in Appendices A to C.
- 2. Where the section and clause numbers within the Code have changed, these changes have not been shown as tracked additions, deletions, or substitutions.
- 3. The page numbers shown in Appendix B are not reflective of the page numbering in either the principal Code, or the amended Code published alongside this Amendment Version. The table of contents in each version of the Code should be used for accurate page referencing.

Commencement

4. The amendments come into force on 1 July 2024.

APPENDIX A

Associated documents

Publication date	Reference	Title
- abilication date	- Kererence	Title
12 September 2019	ISBN 978-1-869457-55-6	Commission 111 Contact Code Emerging Views Paper
11 March 2020	ISBN 978-1-869458-02-7	Commission 111 Contact Code: Draft Decisions and Reasons Paper
11 March 2020	ISBN 978-1-869458-01-0	<u>Draft Commission 111 Contact Code</u>
11 March 2020	2020-au1101	New Zealand Gazette Notices "Notification of Commerce Commission's Draft 111 Contact Code"
17 November 2020	ISBN 978-1-869458-53-9	Commission 111 Contact Code: Decisions and Reasons Paper
17 November 2020	2020-au5242	New Zealand Gazette Notices "Notification of Commerce Commission's 111 Contact Code"
<u>17 November 2020</u>	ISBN 978-1-869458-52-2	Commission 111 Contact Code
18 May 2023	ISBN 978-1-991085-00-9	111 Contact Code Review - Request for views on the effectiveness of the 111 Contact Code in meeting the requirements in the Act
<u>18 December 2023</u>	ISBN 978-1-991085-63-4	111 Contact Code Review – Draft decisions and Reasons
18 December 2023	978-1-991085-62-7	Draft Commission 111 Contact Amended Code 2024
<u>18 December 2023</u>	<u>2023-au5823</u>	New Zealand Gazette Notices "Notification of Commerce Commission's Draft Amendments to the 111 Contact Code"
26 June 2024	ISBN 978-1-991287-45-8	Commission 111 Contact Code 2024 - Decisions and Reasons paper
26 June 2024	ISBN 978-1-991287-44-1	Commission 111 Contact Code 2024
26 June 2024	<u>2024-au2994</u>	New Zealand Gazette Notices "Notification of Commerce Commission's Amendments to the 111 Contact Code"

APPENDIX B

CONTENTS

INT	RODUCTION TO THE COMMISSION 111 CONTACT CODE	6
A.	COMMENCEMENT DATE	7
В.	APPLICATION	7
C.	GRACE PERIOD FOR COMPLYING WITH AMENDMENTS TO THE CODE	7
D.	PURPOSE	7
E.	DEFINED TERMS	7
F.	REQUIREMENT ON PROVIDERS TO INFORM ALL CONSUMERS OF RESIDENTIAL LANDLINE	
	SERVICES ABOUT OPTIONS AVAILABLE FOR VULNERABLE CONSUMERS	11
G.	PROCESS FOR A CONSUMER TO DEMONSTRATE THEY ARE A VULNERABLE CONSUMER	13
Н.	REQUIREMENT ON PROVIDERS TO PROVIDE VULNERABLE CONSUMERS WITH AN	
	APPROPRIATE MEANS FOR CONTACTING 111	18
I.	CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE A CONSUMER MAY NO LONGER BE CONSIDERED VULNERABLE	20
J.	REQUIREMENT ON PROVIDERS TO NOT WITHDRAW SERVICE	21
K.	REQUIREMENT ON PROVIDERS TO DISCLOSE INFORMATION	21
L.	REQUIREMENT ON PROVIDERS TO KEEP RECORDS	22
Μ.	DISPUTE RESOLUTION	23
N.	AMENDMENT OR REVOCATION OF THE CODE	24
ATT	ACHMENT A - APPLICATION FORM TO BE CONSIDERED A VULNERABLE CONSUMER	

APPENDIX C

Introduction to the Commission 111 Contact Code

As consumers of residential landline services transition away from using traditional copper voice services to new telecommunications technologies, they may be unable to contact the 111 emergency services during a power failure at their premises. This is because some new telecommunications technologies and devices will not work in a power failure (such as fibre, fixed wireless, cordless phones and medical alarms with no inbuilt battery). Calling 111 is the primary means to request emergency assistance from the ambulance, police and fire and emergency services.

This Code recognises a subset of consumers who are more likely to need to contact the 111 emergency services (due to health (eg, a known medical condition), safety, or disability reasons) and do not have a means to do so in the event of a power failure. For the purposes of the Code, these consumers are called vulnerable consumers.

The Code sets out mandatory requirements on providers of retailresidential landline services to provide vulnerable consumers with appropriate means of contacting the 111 emergency services in the event of a power failure. The Code also requires these providers to inform consumers of the options available for vulnerable consumers to contact the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure (including information on what telecommunications technologies and devices may not work in a power failure), and to disclose certain information to the Commission each year (such as how many vulnerable consumers the provider has).

The Code primarily affects current and future vulnerable consumers of retail<u>residential</u> landline services, and their retail providers.

The Code is administered by the Commerce Commission. More information about the Commission 111 Contact Code can be found on the Commission website here: <a href="https://comcom.govt.nz/regulated-industries/telecommunications/telecommunications-for-consumers/commission-111-contact-codehttps://comcom.govt.nz/regulated-industries/telecommunications/projects/commission-111-contact-code.

A. Commencement date

- 1. This Code comes into force as follows:
 - 1.1 Section GH comes into force on 1 August 2021; and
 - the rest of this Code comes into force on 1 February 2021.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(2).

B. Application

2. This Code applies to retail_residential_landline services.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(3)(a).

C. Grace period for complying with amendments to the Code

- 3. There is a grace period starting on 1 July 2024 and ending on 1 January 2025 to allow providers to come into compliance with the amendments to the Code made by the Commission 111 Contact Code (Amendment Version 2024) that came into force on 1 July 2024.
- 4. <u>During the grace period providers will be considered to have complied with these requirements of the Code if they complied with the Code as it was prior to the amendments.</u>

D. Purpose

5. The purpose of this Code is to ensure that vulnerable consumers, or persons on their behalf, have reasonable access to an appropriate means to contact the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(1).

E. Defined terms

6. In this Code, unless the context otherwise requires,—

includes the ambulance service, police service and fire and emergency service, contacted directly by a consumer

or via a qualified third party;

Act means Telecommunications Act 2001;

at particular risk of has the meaning given at clause <u>1013</u>; requiring the 111 emergency service

<u>business</u>	<u>landline</u>
services	

means a telecommunications service that is primarily marketed and/or provided for businesses purposes, and includes a telecommunications service provided to:

(a) a company, as defined in the Companies Act 1993, as amended from time to time;

(b) a body corporate;

(c) a corporation sole;

(d) a sole trader;

(e) a partnership, as defined in the Partnership Law Act 2019, as amended from time to time;

Code

means this Commission 111 Contact Code;

Commission

means the Commerce Commission;

consumer

has the same meaning as given in section 232 of the Act, and, in the case of a retail_residential_landline service, includes:

- (a) the customer; and
- (b) a person who ordinarily resides at the premises where the retail_residential_landline service is supplied;

consumer's application

means an application made by a consumer of a retailresidential landline service (or someone on behalf of that consumer), to a provider for the purposes of demonstrating that a consumer:

(a) the customer is (or will become) a vulnerable consumer; or

(b) a person who ordinarily resides at the customer's premises is (or will become) a vulnerable consumer;

copper landline service

means a landline service provided over a copper line using traditional analogue copper voice technology, but excludes any voice service that is provided using technologies (hardware or software) that rely on mains powered electricity at the premises;

customer

means a consumer who has a contract with a provider for the supply of a retailresidential landline service;

family violence has the same meaning as given in section 9 of the Family

Violence Act 2018;

disclosure year means a period of 12 months beginning on 1 July in any

year and ending on 30 June in the following year;

<u>health care services</u> <u>has the same meaning as given in section 4(1) of the</u>

Health and Disability Services (Safety) Act 2001, as

amended from time to time;

health practitioner means a person who is, or is deemed to be, registered

with an authority as a practitioner of a particular health profession under the Health Practitioners Competence

Assurance Act 2003;

industry dispute resolution scheme

has the same meaning as given in section clause 232 of

the Act;

landline service means a voice service provided over a fixed-line or fixed

wireless;

managed medical or safety alarm

means a device, including a call bell, which:

(a) provides a consumer with the ability to contact a 24/7 monitored contracted service,

and

(b) meets the requirements in section H of the

<u>Code;</u>

minimum period means a continuous eight-hour period;

naked broadband

services

means a broadband service provided over a fixed-line or

fixed wireless that is provided without a voice service;

network has the same meaning as given in section 5 of the Act;

nominated person means the person that has been nominated in a

consumer's application in accordance with clause

1418.8.1;

Notice of Potential Medically Dependent Consumer (MDC) Status means the form provided at Appendix A of the Electricity

Authority's 'Guidelines on arrangements to assist

medically dependent consumers', <u>as updated from time</u> <u>to time</u>and is available from the Electricity Authority's

website here:

https://www.ea.govt.nz/operations/retail/retailers/retailers-retai

customers/;

NZ Government	Web
Standards	

mMeans Web Accessibility Standard 1.1 and Web Usability Standard 1.3 (as amended from time to time, and any subsequent Standards that supplement or replace these Standards), issued by the New Zealand Government, effective from 1 July 2019, and, as updated from time to time are available from the Digital.govt.nz website here: https://www.digital.govt.nz/standards and guidance/nz government web standards/new web standards for july 2019/;

power failure

means an interruption in the supply of electricity to a

premises;

premises means a house or building that:

(a) is used or intended for occupation <u>residence</u> by any person; and

(b) is receiving a retailresidential landline service;

protection order

means an order, or a temporary order, made under section 79 of the Family Violence Act 2018;

provider

means a supplier or suppliers of a retailresidential landline service to a consumer and excludes suppliers of health care services;

qualified third party

a company, as defined in the Companies Act 1993, as amended from time to time, or a person, contracted to be available and capable of contacting 111 emergency services 24/7, such as via qualified retirement village staff and relevant medical alarm call centres;

retail residential landline service

means a <u>retail</u> landline service provided to a consumer at a premises, and excludes:

- (a) mobile services;
- (b) naked broadband services; and
- (c) applications that provide voice services over broadband services (such as Skype);
- (d) business landline services; and
- (e) copper landline services.

telecommunication means the conveyance by electromagnetic means from

one device to another of any encrypted or non-encrypted sign, signal, impulse, writing, image, sound, instruction, information, or intelligence of any nature, whether for the information of any person using the device or not;

telecommunications

service

means any goods, services, equipment, and facilities that

enable or facilitate telecommunication;

uninterruptible power supply

means a device that provides emergency power in a power failure and provides near-instantaneous protection

from power interruptions; and

vulnerable consumer has the meaning given in clause 912.

- F. Requirement on providers to inform all consumers <u>of residential</u>
 <u>landline services</u> about options available for vulnerable consumers
- 7. A provider must provide information to consumers <u>of residential landline services</u> on the options available for consumers, including vulnerable consumers, to contact the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure at the customer's premises.
- 8. For the purposes of clause $\frac{57}{7}$, the information must specify:
 - which telecommunications technologies may not work in a power failure (including fibre and fixed wireless), and the impact this may have on a consumer's ability to contact the 111 emergency service;
 - which telecommunications devices may not work in a power failure (including cordless phones and medical alarms if they do not have an inbuilt battery), and the impact this may have on a consumer's ability to contact the 111 emergency service;
 - alternative means of contacting the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure;
 - 8.4 who is a vulnerable consumer for the purposes of the Code, including the definition of a vulnerable consumer and the process a consumer may follow to demonstrate they are a vulnerable consumer;
 - that a provider must supply a vulnerable consumer, at no cost to that consumer, with an appropriate means of contacting the 111 emergency service that can be operated for the minimum period in the event of a power failure at the vulnerable consumer's premises;

- 8.6 that a provider cannot deny or cease supply of a retail_residential landline service on the basis that the provider knows or suspects a consumer is, or may become, a vulnerable consumer;
- 8.7 how a consumer can contact the provider to discuss any of the information provided (including whether they, or someone they know, may be a vulnerable consumer); and
- 8.8 how a consumer may make a complaint in relation to a matter arising under the Code, including that:
 - 8.8.1 a dispute between a consumer and a provider about their rights and obligations under the Code may be referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme by the customer or the provider;
 - 8.8.2 where a dispute under the Code concerns a consumer who is not the customer (ie they are a person who ordinarily resides at the customer's premises), the customer at the premises where the consumer resides may refer the dispute to an industry dispute resolution scheme on behalf of that consumer; and
 - 8.8.3 a consumer may make a complaint to the Commission regarding the provider's compliance with the Code, but the primary method for making a complaint is to refer a dispute to an industry dispute resolution scheme.
- 9. The information listed in clause <u>68</u> must be provided to consumers in the following ways:
 - 9.1 made easily accessible to all consumers on the provider's website in a manner that is consistent with the NZ Government Web Standards;
 - 9.2 made easily accessible to all <u>consumers</u> at the point of sale, including through customer service representatives over the phone and in retail stores, and in online application forms for new services;
 - 9.3 provided to all customers of a retailresidential landline service no later than 10 February 2021 and at least once every 12 months thereafter. The information must be provided directly to each customer:
 - 9.3.1 by the customer's preferred method of contact (eg, email, phone call); or
 - 9.3.2 if the provider does not know the customer's preferred method of contact, in writing in an easily discernible manner; and
 - 9.4 provided in an easily discernible manner to all customers of a retailresidential landline service when:

- 9.4.1 the customer first contracts with the provider for the retail_residential landline service; and
- 9.4.2 the customer switches between to a different residential landline service or technology with the same provider telecommunications technologies or services with the provider (that including any switch that means the telecommunications technology or service may will not work in a power failure).
- 10. For the purposes of clause 9, the information must be provided so that a customer is not able to purchase a residential landline service or switch between residential landline services or technologies without being made aware of such information.
- 11. For the purposes of ¿ clauses 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3, notwithstanding anything else in this Code, this information must also be provided to a person when they first contract with a provider for the supply of a naked broadband service; and clause 6.48.4, the information must note the existence and purpose of the written application form referred to in clause 13.316.3, and ensure the form is readily available to consumers.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, sections 238(3)(b).

G. Process for a consumer to demonstrate they are a vulnerable consumer

G1 Definition of a vulnerable consumer

- 12. A vulnerable consumer means a consumer of a retail residential landline service, who:
 - 12.1 is at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service; and
 - does not have a means for contacting the 111 emergency service that can be operated for the minimum period, in the event of a power failure.
- 13. For the purposes of clause 9.112.1, a consumer who is "at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service" means a consumer who is more likely than other consumers to require the 111 emergency service because of a specific circumstance applicable to that consumer.

Reference: Telecommunication Act 2001, section 238(5).

G2 Process for a consumer to demonstrate they are a vulnerable consumer

- 14. A provider must make available a process for a consumer, or someone on their behalf, to apply to the provider to demonstrate that consumer is (or will become) a vulnerable consumer.
- 15. For the purposes of clause $\frac{1114}{4}$, the process made available must comply with the requirements in clauses $\frac{1316}{4}$ to $\frac{2428}{4}$.

General

- 16. The process made available must:
 - 16.1 be easily accessible for consumers, bearing in mind the needs of vulnerable consumers;
 - 16.2 not be unreasonably difficult for a consumer to fulfil; and
 - 16.3 provide a written application form for a consumer to use that requests the information required by clause <u>1418</u>.
- 17. The provider must make clear in the written application form that if a vulnerable consumer, or someone on their behalf, were to reject the appropriate means supplied by the provider which complies with the requirements set out in section H of this Code then:
 - 17.1 <u>their application can be considered withdrawn and no means needs to be supplied by the provider; and</u>
 - the consumer, or someone on their behalf, is able to reapply to demonstrate that they are (or will be) a vulnerable consumer.

Guidance note: A template written application form is provided <u>onat the Commission's</u> <u>website</u>Attachment A. The template form requests all the information that is required by clause 14 to be included in a consumer's application. A provider may choose (<u>but is not obliged</u>) to offer this form (<u>or some adaption that provides the equivalent detail</u>) for the purpose of clause <u>13.3</u>16.3.

Consumer's application

- 18. An application by a consumer (or someone on their behalf) to a provider must be treated as complete by the provider if it contains all of the following information:
 - 18.1 the consumer's details, including:
 - 18.1.1 full name;
 - 18.1.2 customer account holder number;
 - 18.1.3 full address of the premises receiving the retailresidential landline service; and
 - 18.1.4 contact details (eg, telephone/mobile number, email address, postal address);
 - 18.2 if someone is applying on behalf of the consumer, the full name and contact details of that person;

- 18.3 which of the following categories most closely relates to the specific circumstance of the consumer that means that consumer is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service:
 - 18.3.1 health (for example, a specific circumstance is a known medical condition);
 - 18.3.2 safety (for example, a specific circumstance is family violence); or
 - 18.3.3 disability (for example, a specific circumstance is sensory impairment, intellectual impairment, or physical impairment);
- 18.4 whether the specific circumstance of the consumer is temporary or permanent;
- 18.5 if the specific circumstance of the consumer is temporary, the estimated period of time the specific circumstance will apply to the consumer;
- 18.6 a declaration by the consumer (or the person applying on behalf of the consumer) that the consumer who is the subject of the application:
 - 18.6.1 is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service; and
 - 18.6.2 does not have a means for contacting the 111 emergency service that can be operated for the minimum period, in the event of a power failure;
- 18.7 declarations by the consumer (or the person applying on behalf of the consumer) that:
 - 18.7.1 the information provided in the consumer's application is correct to the best of their knowledge;
 - 18.7.2 they understand the information provided in the consumer's application:
 - (a) will be stored with the provider; and
 - (b) may be shared with relevant third parties for the purposes of the provider providing and managing the customer's service;

18.8 either:

18.8.1 the details of a nominated person (including name, contact details and occupation) the provider may contact to verify that the consumer is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service; or

- 18.8.2 sufficient evidence to support that the consumer is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service; and
- 18.9 if a consumer's application has provided the details of a nominated person (in accordance with clause 14.8.1 18.8.1) authorisation for the provider to contact the nominated person for the purposes of verifying that the consumer is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service.
- 19. For the purposes of clause <u>14.8.1</u>18.8.1, a nominated person must be someone who, by virtue of their occupation, is competent to give an opinion on whether the consumer is at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service, for example:
 - a health practitioner (where the application has stated the health or disability category most closely relates to the specific circumstance of the consumer, in accordance with clause 14.318.3); and
 - 19.2 a police officer, a currently registered social worker, a lawyer (with a current practicing certificate), or a family court judge (where the application has stated the safety category most closely relates to the specific circumstance of the consumer, in accordance with clause <u>14.318.3</u>).
- 20. For the purpose of clause <u>14.8.2</u>18.8.2, the following are examples of evidence that may be sufficient to support that the consumer is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service:
 - 20.1 a completed 'Notice of Potential Medically Dependent Consumer (MDC) Status' form, which includes a certification from a District Health Board (DHB), private hospital or GP;
 - 20.2 a protection order;
 - 20.3 a letter from a health practitioner; and
 - 20.4 documentation of impairment.
- 21. A consumer's application can be provided to a provider in any reasonable manner or form (eg, by phone call, by email, in large print).
 - What happens once a consumer makes an application to a provider
- 22. Within ten working days of receiving a complete consumer's application, a provider must inform the consumer (or the person acting on the consumer's behalf) that either:
 - 22.1 the consumer's application has been accepted; or
 - 22.2 the consumer's application has been declined.

- 23. For the purposes of clause <u>18.222.2</u>, a provider is only permitted to decline a consumer's application on one or more of the following grounds:
 - the consumer who is the subject of the application is not a consumer of a retailresidential landline service;
 - the consumer's application has provided the details of a nominated person (in accordance with clause <u>14.8.118.8.1</u>) and either:
 - 23.2.1 the nominated person does not satisfy the requirement in clause 4519; or
 - 23.2.2 the nominated person considers that the consumer is not (or will not become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service;
 - 23.3 the consumer's application has provided the details of a nominated person (in accordance with clause 14.8.1) and the provider has not been able to contact the nominated person despite all reasonable efforts to do so;
 - subject to clause 2024, the consumer's application has provided evidence (in accordance with clause 14.8.218.8.2) and that evidence is insufficient to show that the consumer is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service; or
 - 23.5 the consumer has a means to contact the 111 emergency service that can be operated for the minimum period in the event of a power failure.
- 24. A provider is only permitted to decline a consumer's application on the ground specified at clause <u>19.423.4</u> if it has made reasonable efforts to assist the consumer to remedy the insufficiency of the evidence.
- 25. A provider is entitled to conclude that a consumer has a means for contacting the 111 emergency service at their premises that can be operated for the minimum period in the event of a power failure if the consumer already has a device or technology which meets the requirements under the Code, for example any of the following circumstances apply:
 - 25.1 the consumer's premises receives a copper landline service;
 - 25.2 the consumer has unrestricted access to a mobile phone and that consumer's premises has adequate mobile phone network coverage; or
 - 25.3 the consumer has an uninterruptable power supply to maintain a means for contacting the 111 emergency service in a power failure; or
 - 25.4 the consumer has a managed medical or safety alarm.
- 26. At the same time that a provider informs a consumer (or a person acting on the consumer's behalf) that the consumer's application has been accepted, the provider must also:

- 26.1 state that the consumer who is the subject of the application is now a vulnerable consumer of the provider;
- 26.2 specify that the next step is to provide the consumer with an appropriate means to contact the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure; and
- 26.3 provide an overview of the dispute resolution process available under the Code, including that a dispute between a consumer and a provider about their rights and obligations under the Code may be referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme by the customer or the provider.
- 27. At the same time that a provider informs a consumer (or a person acting on the consumer's behalf) that the consumer's application has been declined, the provider must also:
 - 27.1 state the ground(s) the provider has relied on for declining the consumer's application, and provide sufficient additional information to enable the consumer to understand why the application has been declined on that ground; and
 - 27.2 provide an overview of the dispute resolution process available under the Code, including that if the consumer disputes the provider's decision to decline the application, the dispute may be referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme.
- 28. If a consumer's application states that the specific circumstance of the consumer is temporary (in accordance with clause 14.418.4), a provider may require that consumer's application to be resubmitted after the period of time stated in the consumer's application in accordance with clause 14.518.5 has lapsed. If the consumer does not re-submit their application, the provider may regard that consumer as no longer being a vulnerable consumer in accordance with clause 41.335.4.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(3)(c) and 4)(b).

H. Requirement on providers to provide vulnerable consumers with an appropriate means for contacting 111

H1 Requirement to provide appropriate means

- 29. A provider must supply each consumer that is a vulnerable consumer of that provider with an appropriate means for contacting the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure at the vulnerable consumer's premises.
- 30. For the purposes of clause 2529, an appropriate means is a means that is appropriate for the specific circumstances of a vulnerable consumer, taking into account in particular the consumer's physical, mental and technical capabilities.

- 31. A provider must ensure that any means supplied to a vulnerable consumer is:
 - 31.1 supplied as soon as reasonably practicable following acceptance of the consumer's application;
 - 31.2 supplied at the premises where the retail_residential landline service is supplied;
 - able to be operated at that premises for the minimum period in the event of a power failure;
 - 31.4 supported for the duration of the contract for the retail_residential_landline service, including ensuring the means is regularly and appropriately maintained to ensure it remains appropriate and functional, except where the vulnerable consumer ceases to be a vulnerable consumer in accordance with clause 3541;
 - 31.5 tested at least once every 36 months; and
 - 31.6 provided with clear instructions and guidance on how to operate the means and who to contact if there are any issues.
- 32. For the purposes of clause 27.331.3, whether a means can be operated at a premises for the minimum period must be assessed as if the means is used and maintained as instructed by the provider.
- 33. For the purposes of clause 27.331.3, if the means that is supplied to a vulnerable consumer is reliant on the performance of a battery at the premises, the means is able to be operated for the minimum period if the means is:
 - able to operate for the minimum period when equipped with a new fully charged battery; and
 - 33.2 fitted with a battery health indicator which is appropriate to the needs of the vulnerable consumer, to indicate when the battery needs to be recharged or replaced with a new battery; andreplaced (or the battery that powers the means is replaced) at least once every 36 months from the date the last means was installed.
- 34. A vulnerable consumer must not bear any costs relating to the supply of an appropriate means for contacting the 111 emergency service, which includes any costs related to the following:
 - 34.1 provision of the means for contacting the 111 emergency service, including:
 - 34.1.1 any costs related to the acquisition or installation of any hardware or device;

- 34.1.2 where provision of the appropriate means requires an additional connection to a network, any ongoing costs related to maintaining that additional connection;
- 34.2 maintenance or replacement of the provided means for contacting the 111 emergency service (eg, because the means fails to work, or is being substituted by the provider for another means); and
- 34.3 recovery or disposal of the provided means for contacting the 111 emergency service.
- 35. The means provided to the vulnerable consumer is deemed appropriate if such means complies with the requirements set out in section H, whether the vulnerable consumer (or someone on their behalf) accepts it or not.
- 36. A provider can consider an application to be 'withdrawn' if the vulnerable consumer (or someone on their behalf) rejects an appropriate means supplied by such provider which complied with the requirements set out in section H.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, sections 238(3)(d).

H2 Limit on provision of appropriate means

- 37. Notwithstanding clause <u>2529</u>, a provider is only required to provide, at any one time, one means for contacting the 111 emergency service per premises.
- 38. If there is more than one vulnerable consumer at a premises, the means provided must be appropriate for the needs of all vulnerable consumers at that premises.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(4)(c).

H3 Requirement to monitor

39. A provider must, at least once a year, contact each customer that is a vulnerable consumer, or has a vulnerable consumer at their premises, to ensure that the means it has provided to the vulnerable consumer remains appropriate and functional.

A provider may, at least once a year, contact each customer that is a vulnerable consumer, or has a vulnerable consumer at their premises, to enquire whether the consumer's circumstances may have changed in any of the ways described in clause 35 below. Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(4)(c).

I. Circumstances where a consumer may no longer be considered vulnerable

40. <u>A provider may, at least once a year, contact each customer that is a vulnerable consumer, or has a vulnerable consumer at their premises, to enquire whether the</u>

consumer's circumstances may have changed in any of the ways described in clause 41 below.

- 41. A provider is permitted to regard a consumer as no longer being a vulnerable consumer in any of the following circumstances:
 - 41.1 where the consumer (or someone on their behalf) requests that they no longer be regarded as a vulnerable consumer;
 - 41.2 where the consumer no longer resides at the premises where the retail landline service was supplied when the consumer submitted their application to be a vulnerable consumer to the provider; where the consumer obtains (by a manner other than through their provider under this Code) a means for contacting the 111 emergency service at their premises that can be operated for the minimum period in the event of a power failure; or
 - 41.3 a provider has asked for the consumer's application to be resubmitted in accordance with clause 2428 and the application has not been resubmitted.
- 42. If a vulnerable consumer moves premises and remains with the same provider, such provider may check the consumer's status, and may require the vulnerable consumer (or someone on their behalf) to re-apply to demonstrate that they continue to be a vulnerable consumer.
- 43. For the purposes of clause <u>3541</u>, the consumer has a responsibility to inform their provider if they consider they are no longer a vulnerable consumer (or will no longer become one).

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(4)(c).

J. Requirement on providers to not withdraw service

44. A provider must not deny, or withdraw, supply of a retailresidential landline service to a consumer on the basis that the provider knows or suspects the consumer is (or may become) a vulnerable consumer.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(4)(c).

K. Requirement on providers to disclose information

- 45. No later than 30 November of each disclosure year, a provider must disclose to the Commission the following information in respect of the preceding disclosure year:
 - a description of the process the provider has implemented for the purposes of satisfying the requirement to provide the information listed in clause 68 in the ways required by clause 79, and supporting evidence;

- a description of the process the provider has implemented for the purposes of satisfying the requirements in clauses 1316-2428, and supporting evidence;
- 45.3 the total number of vulnerable consumers the provider has (as at the last day of the disclosure year);
- 45.4 the number of customers (ie customers of a retailresidential landline service) the provider has (as at the last day of the disclosure year);
- 45.5 the number of consumer applications accepted by the provider;
- 45.6 the number of consumer applications declined by the provider (in accordance with clause 1923), broken down by what ground(s) the application was declined on under clause 1923 (eg the number of consumer applications declined on the ground described in clause 19.2.123.2.1, the number of consumer applications declined on the ground described in clause 19.2.223.2.2);
- 45.7 the number of 'withdrawn' applications under clause 36;
- 45.8 the number of appropriate means of contacting the 111 emergency service the provider has supplied, broken down by type of means (eg the number of mobile phones supplied, the number of battery-backups); and
- 45.9 the provisioning timing to provide appropriate means for each new vulnerable consumer (counting from the date that their application was accepted), with brief reasons for any provisioning that took longer than 10 working days. the average number of working days from the point at which a consumer's application is submitted to the point at which the vulnerable consumer is provided with appropriate means to contact the 111 emergency service.

References: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 238(4)(c).

L. Requirement on providers to keep records

- 46. Subject to clause 4047, a provider must at all times maintain an accurate record of the following information:
 - any communication between the provider and the consumer undertaken for the purposes of the requirements in clauses 7.39.3 7.4 and 8.19.4;
 - any communication between the provider and the consumer undertaken for the purposes of the requirement in clause 3339; and
 - 46.3 <u>the number of consumer applications accepted by the provider;</u>

- 46.4 any consumer application declined by the provider under clause <u>1923</u>, and what ground (or grounds) the application was declined on under clause <u>1923</u> (eg declined under clause <u>19.2.123.2.1</u>, the nominated person did not satisfy the requirement in clause <u>1519</u>); and
- 46.5 the number of 'withdrawn' applications under clause 36;
- any consumer that ceases to be a vulnerable consumer for one of the reasons listed in clause 3541.
- 47. A provider is permitted to stop maintaining a record of the information required under clause 3946 in the following circumstances:
 - 47.1 for the purposes of clauses 39.146.1 and 39.246.2, if the contract between the customer (ie the customer at the premises where the retailresidential landline service is supplied) and the provider is terminated and a period of 5 years or more has passed since the termination of the contract;
 - 47.2 for the purposes of clauses 39.346.3, 45.4 and 46.5, if a period of 5 years or more has passed since the point in time when the consumer's application was accepted, declined, and 'withdrawn'; or
 - 47.3 for the purposes of clause <u>39.446.6</u>, if a period of 5 years or more has passed since the point in time when the consumer ceased to be a vulnerable consumer for one of the reasons listed in clause <u>3541</u>.

M. Dispute resolution

- 48. A dispute under the Code may be referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme at any time after the dispute arises.
- 49. For the purposes of clause 4148, a dispute arises under the Code if:
 - 49.1 one party (either the customer or the provider) has communicated to the other party a disagreement in relation to the rights and obligations of one those parties under the Code; and
 - 49.2 that disagreement is not resolved within five working days.
- 50. Where a dispute is referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme, sections 241-245 of the Act apply.
- 51. For the avoidance of doubt:
 - only a customer or a provider may refer a dispute under the Code to an industry dispute resolution scheme;
 - if a dispute under the Code concerns a consumer who is not the customer (ie they are a person who ordinarily resides at the customer's premises), the

- customer at the premises where the consumer resides may refer the dispute to an industry dispute resolution scheme on behalf of that consumer;
- each party to a dispute that is referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme must comply with the rules of the scheme; and
- where a dispute is referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme and a determination is made on the dispute under the rules of the scheme, that determination is binding on each party to the dispute (subject to the exceptions listed in section 242(2) and (3) of the Act).
- 52. Disputes arising under this Code that may be referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme include, but are not limited to, disputes regarding the following matters:
 - 52.1 a consumer's application to a provider to be a vulnerable consumer;
 - 52.2 a provider considers a consumer has not complied with the requirement in clause 3643; and
 - whether the means of contacting the 111 emergency service supplied, or intended to be supplied, by the provider to the vulnerable consumer is an 'appropriate means' for that vulnerable consumer (in accordance with clause 2630).

References: Telecommunications Act 2001, sections 240(1)(a) and 241-245.

N. Amendment or revocation of the Code

- 53. The Commission may amend or revoke the Code if the Commission considers that the Code no longer meets all the requirements set out in Part 7 of the Act.
- 54. For the purposes of clause 4653, where the Commission seeks to amend or revoke the Code, it must apply the procedure set out in section 2396(1)-(4) of the Act, with any necessary modifications.
- 55. The Commission must give public notice of every amendment or revocation of the Code.

Reference: Telecommunications Act 2001, section 239(5)-(7).

ATTACHMENT A - APPLICATION FORM TO BE CONSIDERED A VULNERABLE CONSUMER

111 Contact Code applic	[Provider logo (optional)]	
Complete this application form if you consider you (or someone you are app		
		tact 111, and who have a home phone li ir house), are provided with a means to (
To be covered by the 111 Contact Code	e, a person must:	
• be at particular risk of requand	uiring the 111 emergency service (eith	er now or sometime in the near future);
 in the event of a power fail that can work for a contin 		L11 emergency service at their premises
	•	ount on behalf of someone who lives at
Instructions for completing from		
1. Fill in Parts A, B and C of the form.		
2. Complete the declaration in Part D c	of the form.	
3.—Return the completed form to [inser	t provider's contact details].	
Part A: Personal details		
1. Are you the customer (account holder)?	☐ Yes (fill out 3a)	
	No (Go to Q2)	
2. Are you a person listed as an		
authority on the customer's	☐ Yes (fill out 3a and 3b)	
account?		

Details of customer		
First name(s):	Preferred first name (if different):	
Surname or family name:		
Title:	liss	
What is the customer/househok	l account number (or equivalent) with the provider?	
What is the address receiving ph	one service?	
Flat Street name		
Suburb		
City		
Postcode		
Telephone:	Mobile:	
Email address:		
Postal address:		
City/Town:	Postcode:	
b. Details of person listed a	s an authority on the customer's account	
Please only fill out this section if	you are <u>not</u> the customer	
First name(s):	Preferred first name (if different):	
Surname or family name:		

Home phone Mobile Mail Email 5. Are you making this application for yourself, or on behalf of someone else? (Go to Part B) 1 am applying to be covered by the 111 Contact Code (Go to Part B) 1 am applying on behalf of someone else (fill out 5a)	Telephone:	Mobile:	
A. What is the preferred method of contact (please tick)? Home phone	Email address:	<u> </u>	
4. What is the preferred method of contact (please tick)? Home phone	Postal address:		
4. What is the preferred method of contact (please tick)? Home phone			
4. What is the preferred method of contact (please tick)? Home phone			
Home phone Mobile Mail Email Email i. Are you making this application for yourself, or on behalf of someone else? (Go to Part B) I am applying to be covered by the 111 Contact Code (Go to Part B) i.a. Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Please only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code First name(s): Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:	City/Town:	Postcode:	
Flease only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Please only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:			
Flease only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Please only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:	4. What is the preferred method	d of contact (please tick)?	
is. Are you making this application for yourself, or on behalf of someone else? I am applying to be covered by the 111 Contact Code (Go to Part B) I am applying on behalf of someone else (fill out 5a) ia. Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Please only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code			
on behalf of someone else? I am applying on behalf of someone else (fill out 5a)	Home phone 🗔 Mobile	y⊟ Mail-⊟	Email- ──
lam applying to be covered by the 111 Contact Code (Go to Part B)	· Augustus making this		
I am applying on behalf of someone else (fill out 5a) ia. Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Please only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code First name(s): Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:		☐ I am applying to be covered	by the 111 Contact Code
Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Please only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code First name(s): Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:			
Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code Please only fill out this section if you are applying on behalf of someone else Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code First name(s): Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:	on behalf of someone else?	(Go to Part B)	
Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code First name(s): Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:	on behalf of someone else?	_	omeone else (fill out 5a)
Details of person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code First name(s): Surname or family name:	on behalf of someone else?	_	omeone else (fill out 5a)
First name(s): Preferred first name (if different): Surname or family name:		l am applying on behalf of so	
Surname or family name:	ia. Details of person who wants	I am applying on behalf of so	
Surname or family name:	5a. Details of person who wants t Please <u>only</u> fill out this section if you a	Ham applying on behalf of someone else	
	5a. Details of person who wants to be cov	to be covered by the 111 Contact ore applying on behalf of someone else vered by the 111 Contact Code	- Code
Salutation:	5a. Details of person who wants to be cov	to be covered by the 111 Contact ore applying on behalf of someone else vered by the 111 Contact Code	- Code
Salutation: TMr TMs TMrs TMiss TDr TOther, please specify	First name(s):	to be covered by the 111 Contact ore applying on behalf of someone else vered by the 111 Contact Code	- Code
	First name(s): Surname or family name:	to be covered by the 111 Contact are applying on behalf of someone else vered by the 111 Contact Code Preferred first name (if different)	- Code
	5a. Details of person who wants to be covered to be solved the section of person who wants to be covered to be solved to b	to be covered by the 111 Contact are applying on behalf of someone else vered by the 111 Contact Code Preferred first name (if different)	- Code
	5a. Details of person who wants to be covered to be solved the section of person who wants to be covered to be solved to b	to be covered by the 111 Contact are applying on behalf of someone else vered by the 111 Contact Code Preferred first name (if different)	- Code
	First name(s): Surname or family name:	to be covered by the 111 Contact are applying on behalf of someone else vered by the 111 Contact Code Preferred first name (if different)	- Code

PART B: Information on the person at particular risk How to complete Part B 1. Read Guidance Note 1 (provided in Part E). 2. Complete Q6 and Q7 6. Please select which category most closely relates to the specific circumstance of the person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code? Health □ Safety - Disability 7. Is the specific circumstance of the person permanent or temporary? Permanent Temporary *If you selected 'Temporary', what is the estimated period of time the category of particular risk will apply to the person?

v to c c	mplete Part C:
ead Gu	idance Note 2 (provided in Part E).
omple t	re Q8.
. Wha	nt information is being provided in support of the application?
	Sufficient evidence to support that you (or the person you are applying on behalf of)
	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service (fill in 8a)
	OR
₩.	Details of a nominated person we can contact to verify that you (or the person you are
	applying on behalf of) is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service (fill in 8b and 8c)
Suff	iciont ovidence to support that you (or the person you are applying on hebalf of) is
	icient evidence to support that you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) is will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service
(or	
(Or	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service
(Or	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.
(or * Pleas	will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service e attach this supporting evidence to your application.

	we can contact to verify that you (or the person you are applying on beha
of) is (or will become) at part	ular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service
First name(s):	Surname or family name:
Occupation:	
Organisation (if applicable):	
Telephone:	Mobile:
Email address:	
Postal address:	
City/Town:	Postcode:
City/Town:	Postcode:
City/Town: Declaration regarding n	
. Declaration regarding n	minated-person is application on behalf of someone else, before completing this declaration, you
. Declaration regarding n	minated person
- Declaration regarding n ease note that if you are making st have received permission from	minated person is application on behalf of someone else, before completing this declaration, you hat person to authorise us to contact the nominated person
. Declaration regarding n	minated person is application on behalf of someone else, before completing this declaration, you hat person to authorise us to contact the nominated person ails] to contact for
Declaration regarding n ease note that if you are making st have received permission from I authorise [insert provider d	minated person is application on behalf of someone else, before completing this declaration, you hat person to authorise us to contact the nominated person ails] to contact for
Declaration regarding n ease note that if you are making st have received permission from I authorise [insert provider d	minated person is application on behalf of someone else, before completing this declaration, you nat person to authorise us to contact the nominated person ails] to contact for \[\left(\text{Full name of nominated person}\right)} \] (or the person I am applying on behalf of) is (or will become) at particular

PART D: General declaration

ш		.,	+0	-	m	n	ച	to.	D	2	rŧ	П	١.
т	•	•	to	$\overline{}$	лπ	P	rc	tt	•	u	···	ъ	٠

- 3. Read Guidance Note 3 (provided in Part E).
- 4. Complete the declaration.

I acknowledge and declare that, to the best of my correct:	knowledge, the information given in this form is
I acknowledge and declare that	
	e here, or the person you are applying on behalf of)
→ is (or will become) at particular risk (of requiring the 111 emergency service; and
	ne 111 emergency service at the premises that can be
operated for a continuous 8-hour po	eriod in the event of a power failure;
 I understand that the information I have provided details]; 	in this form will be stored with [insert provider
	in this form may be shared with relevant third parties .
for the purposes of providing and managing my se	rvice.
Signature:	Date:

PART E: Guidance

GUIDANCE NOTE 1

For a person to be covered by the 111 Contact Code they must be 'at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service'. Part B asks for information that will allow us to know that the person who is applying to be covered by the 111 Contact Code is 'at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service'. The person could be 'at particular risk' now, or sometime in the near future, and they may be at risk on a temporary or permanent basis.

Q What does 'at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service' mean?

A person who is "at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service" means a person who is more likely than other people to require the 111 emergency service because of a specific circumstance applicable to that consumer.

The following scenarios illustrate some situations where a person may be considered 'at particular risk' under the 111 Contact Code.

Scenario one

Mary and Joe are pensioners living together. These days Joe is unsteady on his feet. He has fallen over a couple of times recently. Mary is active but spends most of her time at home looking after Joe. Mary is worried that the next time Joe falls he might seriously injure himself.

Scenario two

Fatima has type 2 diabetes and is in the early stages of dementia. Fatima needs to take medication every day to manage her conditions.

Scenario three

Jennifer's father has moved back into the family home. He's been verbally and physically abusive to family members in the past and Jennifer is worried that it might happen again.

Scenario four

Tane is booked in to have both knees replaced. He lives alone and is worried about complications or a fall and needing to access the 111 emergency service during recovery over the next three months.

Q What do the 'Health', 'Safety' and 'Disability' categories in Question 6 mean?

This question asks you to select which of three categories (health, safety or disability) <u>most closely relates</u> to the specific circumstance you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) has that means you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) is at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service.

If you tick the 'health' category, this means the specific circumstance that makes you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service is related to health. For example, it is a known medical condition.

An example of a specific circumstance that may mean you tick the 'safety' category is family violence. An example of a specific circumstance that may mean you tick the 'disability' category is sensory impairment, intellectual impairment or physical impairment.

Q Do I have to be 'at particular risk' now, or could it be sometime in the future?

A person may not be 'at particular risk' now, but they know they will become 'at particular risk' sometime in the near future. For example, a person who has a planned surgical operation.

Q How can a person be 'at particular risk' on a temporary or permanent basis?

A person may be 'at particular risk' because they have suffered a physical injury, but the person expects to recover from this injury after a certain period of time. In these circumstances, the person is only 'at particular risk' on a temporary basis.

An example of a person who may be 'at particular risk' on a permanent basis is a person who has congenital blindness and will not recover.

Question 7 asks you to tell us whether the specific circumstance that makes you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) 'at particular risk' is on a temporary or permanent basis.

GUIDANCE NOTE 2

Part C asks for information to support the answers given to Q6 and Q7 in Part B.

One of the following must be provided:

- (a) sufficient evidence to support that you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service; or
- (b) the details of a nominated person we can contact to verify that you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service.

Q Who can be a 'nominated person'?

A nominated person must be someone who, by virtue of their occupation, is competent to give an opinion on whether you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) is at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service.

For example, if the 'health' or 'disability' category has been ticked in response to Q6, then a health practitioner (such as a GP) could be a nominated person. If the 'safety' category has been ticked, then a police officer, a currently registered social worker, a lawyer (with a current practicing certificate), or a family court judge could be a nominated person.

We recommend that before you make your application to us, you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) first contact the nominated person to discuss the application.

Q If I don't provide the details of a nominated person, what sort of evidence must be provided?

It must be sufficient information to show that you (or the person you are applying on behalf of) is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service.

Examples of evidence that may be sufficient include:

- a protection order;
- a letter from a health practitioner (eg, a GP); or
- documentation of impairment (eg, an ID card).

GUIDANCE NOTE 3

Part D asks you to make some declarations regarding the content you have provided in the application, and to acknowledge that you understand what we (the provider) may do with the information you have provided in the application.

One of the declarations asks you to declare that the person who wants to be covered by the 111 Contact Code:

- is (or will become) at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service (information on what this means is provided in Guidance Note 1); and
- does <u>not</u> have a means to contact the 111 emergency service that can be operated at the premises for a continuous 8-hour period in the event of a power failure".

Q What is the 111 emergency service?

The 111 emergency service includes the ambulance service, police service and fire and emergency service.

Q What does 'a means to contact the 111 emergency service that can be operated at the premises for a continuous 8hour period in the event of power failure' mean?

It means that the person has a way of contacting the 111 emergency service at the premises where they live.

The 'means' a person uses to contact the 111 emergency service must be able to work for a continuous (ie non-stop) 8-hour period if used as instructed.

A person will have a way of contacting the 111 emergency service if:

- the premises where they live is receiving a copper landline service (because this service will continue to work in a power cut);
- the person has unrestricted access to a mobile phone and the premises where they live has adequate mobile phone network coverage; or
- the person has an uninterruptable power supply to maintain a means for contacting the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure (eg a battery back-up).

GENERAL GUIDANCE

What is the 111 Contact Code?

The purpose of the 111 Contact Code is to ensure that consumers who are at particular risk of requiring the 111 emergency service, and do not have a means for contacting the 111 emergency service, have reasonable access (or persons on their behalf do) to an appropriate means (eg, a mobile phone) to contact the 111 emergency service in the event of a power failure.

If you have a dispute about your (or your telecommunication company's) rights and obligations under the 111 Contact Code, you have a right for that dispute to be referred to an industry dispute resolution scheme to resolve. A consumer's right to take a dispute under the 111 Contact Code to an industry dispute resolution scheme is protected under the Telecommunications Act 2001 (sections 241-245). Currently, the relevant industry dispute resolution scheme is the Telecommunications Dispute Resolution Scheme.

The 111 Contact Code is administered by the Commerce Commission. More information on the 111 Contact Code, and a copy of the 111 Contact Code, is available on the Commerce Commission's website here: https://comcom.govt.nz/regulated-industries/telecommunications/projects/commission-111-contact-code.

What is the Telecommunications Dispute Resolution Scheme?

The Telecommunications Dispute Resolution Scheme is a free, independent service to help consumers with complaints about their telecommunications provider. A dispute between a consumer and a telecommunications company about their rights and obligations under the 111 Contact Code may be referred to this Scheme.

For more information on the Telecommunications Dispute Resolution Scheme you can contact us at [insert provider's contact details] and we will refer to where to find more information, or you can read more about the Scheme and how to contact them on their website here: https://www.tdr.org.nz/about-tdr/all-about-tdr.

Who should I contact if I have any questions about this form?

Please contact us at [insert provider's contact details] if you have any questions about the form, or the 111 Contact Code more generally.

Alternatively, you can contact the Commerce Commission at <u>contact@comcom.govt.nz</u>, or phone the Commission's Enquiries team on 0800 943 600.